

W Cross Section measurement at CDF RunII

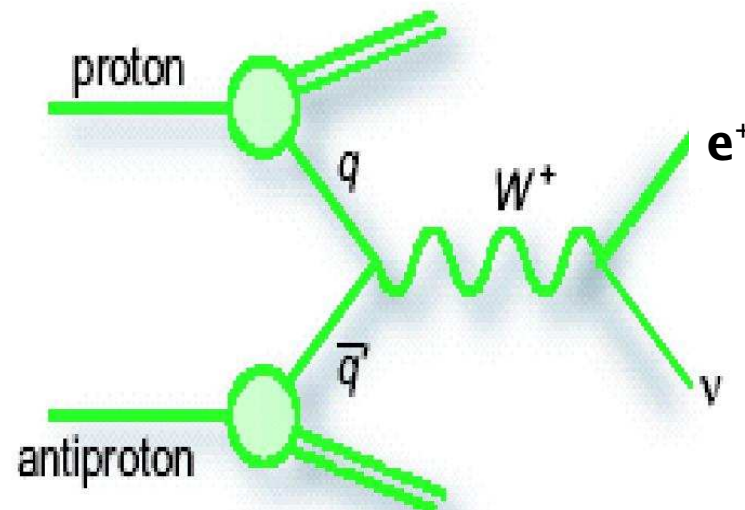


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Athanasios Staveris-Polykalas





Outline

- Why the W cross section
- W cross section at CDF
- W boson in Forward region
- Strategy of analysis
- Results
- Conclusions

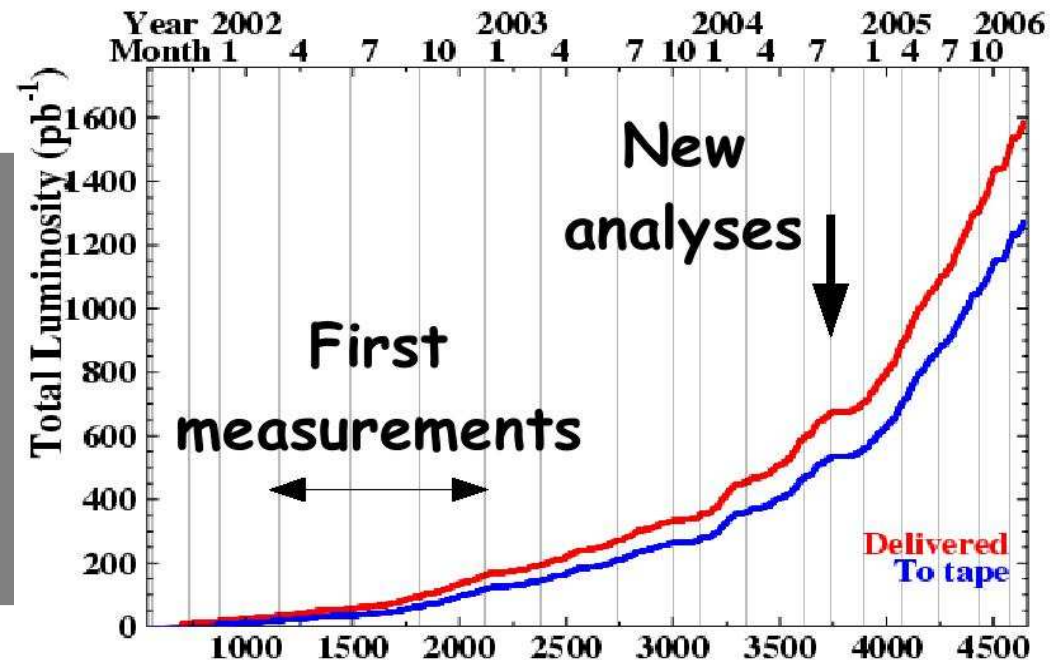


Why W cross section

- Precise electroweak measurements
 - > Constrain Standard Model (or)
 - Suggest Physics Beyond Standard Model
- W signal is well established
 - > Base of detector performance studies
- Cross section measurement
 - > Ensure good understanding of e
 - > Common cross check for other analyses

NEW DATA AVAILABLE!!

-> ~300 pb⁻¹ of additional data collected 2003-2004





W cross section at CDF

Tevatron -> W hadronic decay is overwhelmed by QCD
-> W boson is identified by the leptonic decay (in our case electron neutrino)

$$\sigma \cdot Br(W \rightarrow e \nu) = \frac{N_{Data} - N_{Background}}{A \times \epsilon \times \int L dt}$$

N_{Data} = # of observed events

$N_{Background}$ = # of expected background

A = Geometric and kinematic Acceptance (from MC)

ϵ = efficiency (trigger, reconstruction, ID)

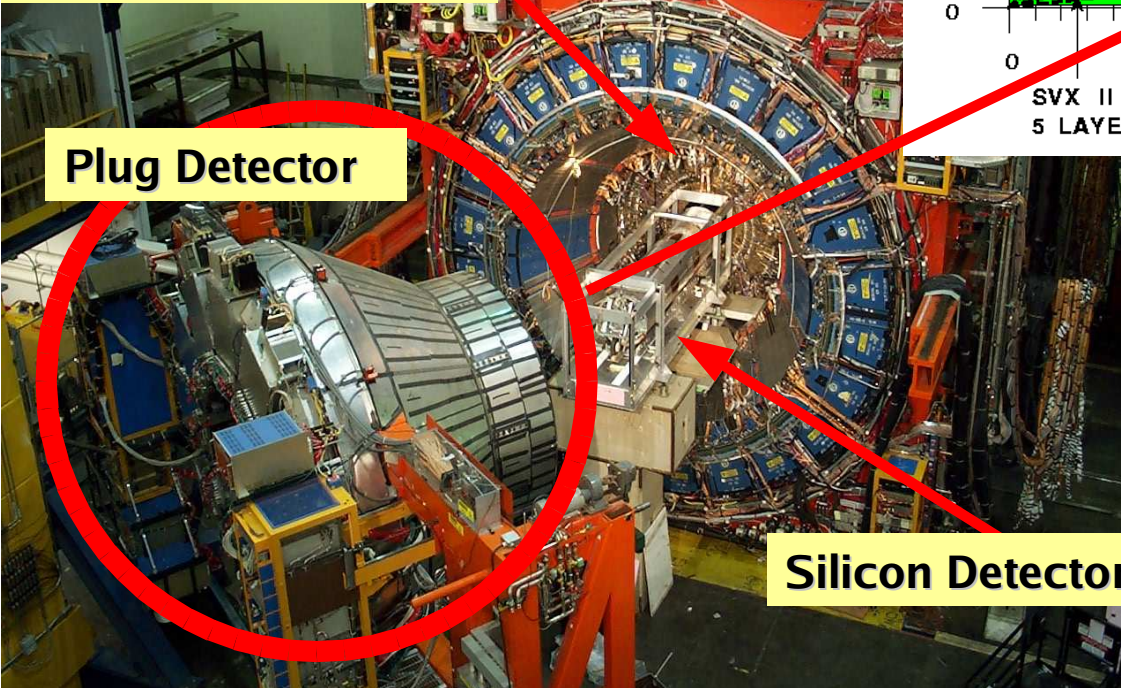
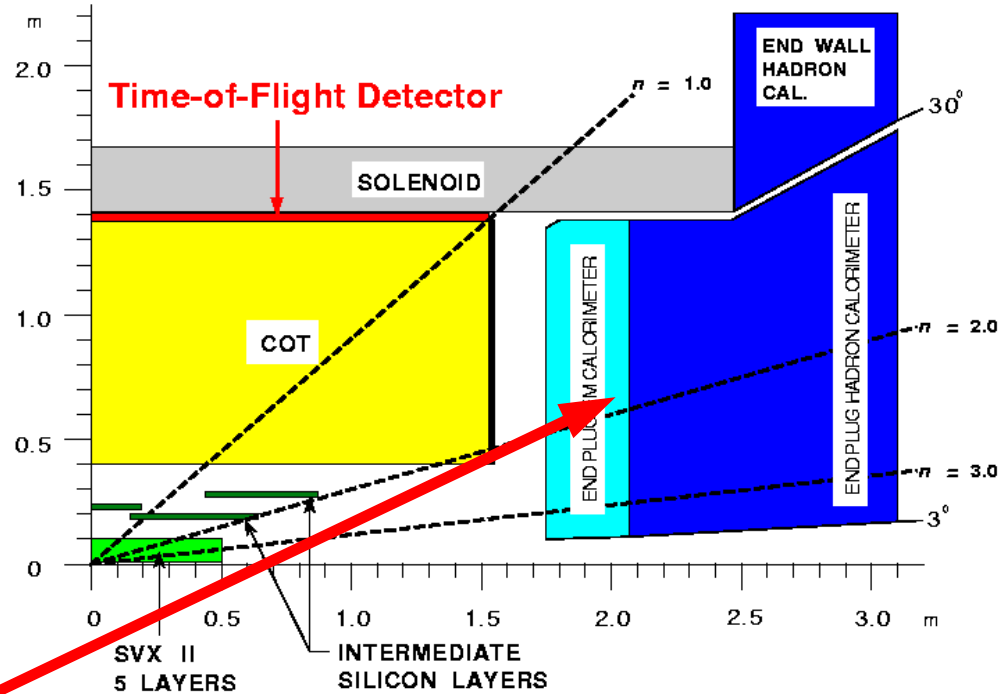
$\int L dt$ = integrated Luminosity



W boson in Forward region of CDF detector

Extended electron ID to forward region of detector $\rightarrow 1.2 < |\eta| < 2.8$

Use of combined information from forward EM calorimeters and extended tracking system (ISL)



Increases statistics for other physics analyses for the given luminosity

i.e. top physics, W F/B charge asymmetry



Strategy of analysis

Event selection:

- Trigger (Missing E_T + Plug EM object)
- $1.2 < |\eta| < 2.8$
- $E_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$
- Electron ID (Had/Em < 0.05 && IsoRel < 0.1)
- $ME_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$

Calorimetric Cuts

- $|\Delta(X)|, |\Delta(Y)| < 3 \text{ cm}$
Track matching
- $E/p < 2$

Track Cuts

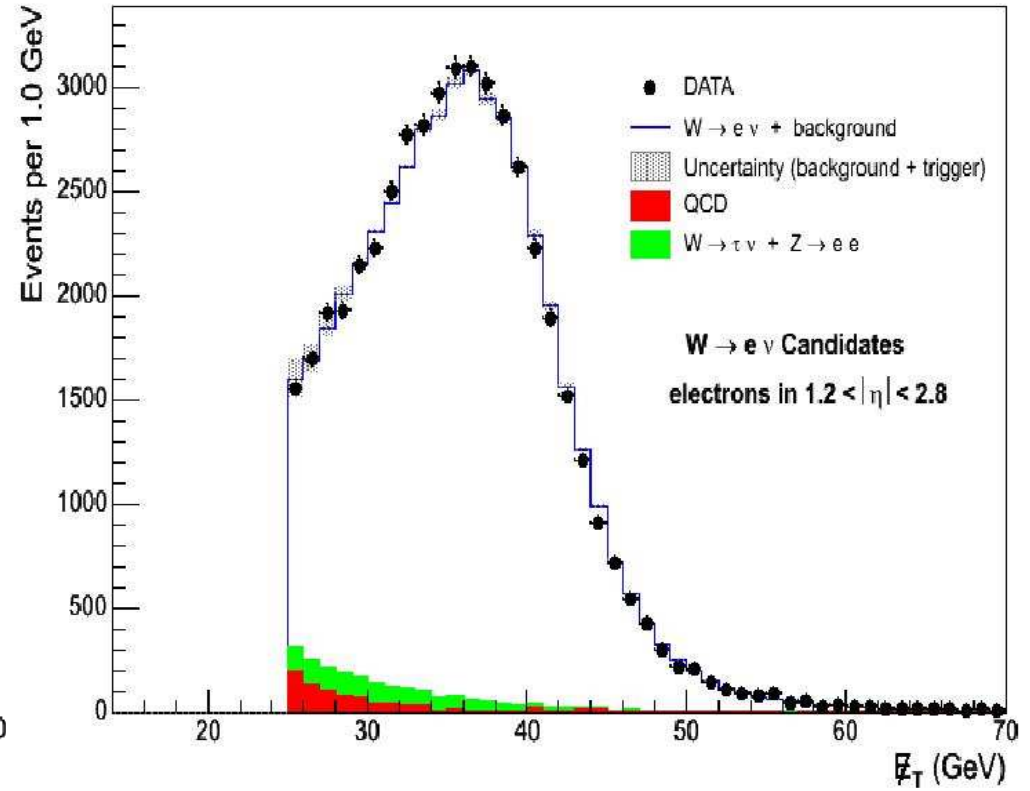
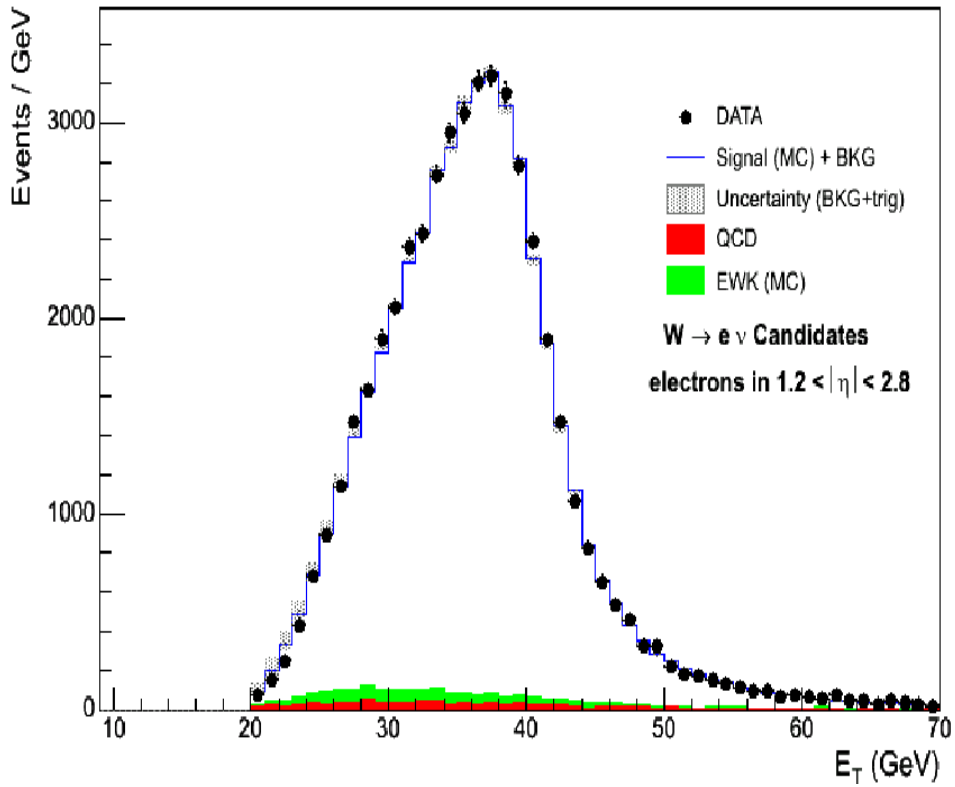
We end up with **48144** candidate events

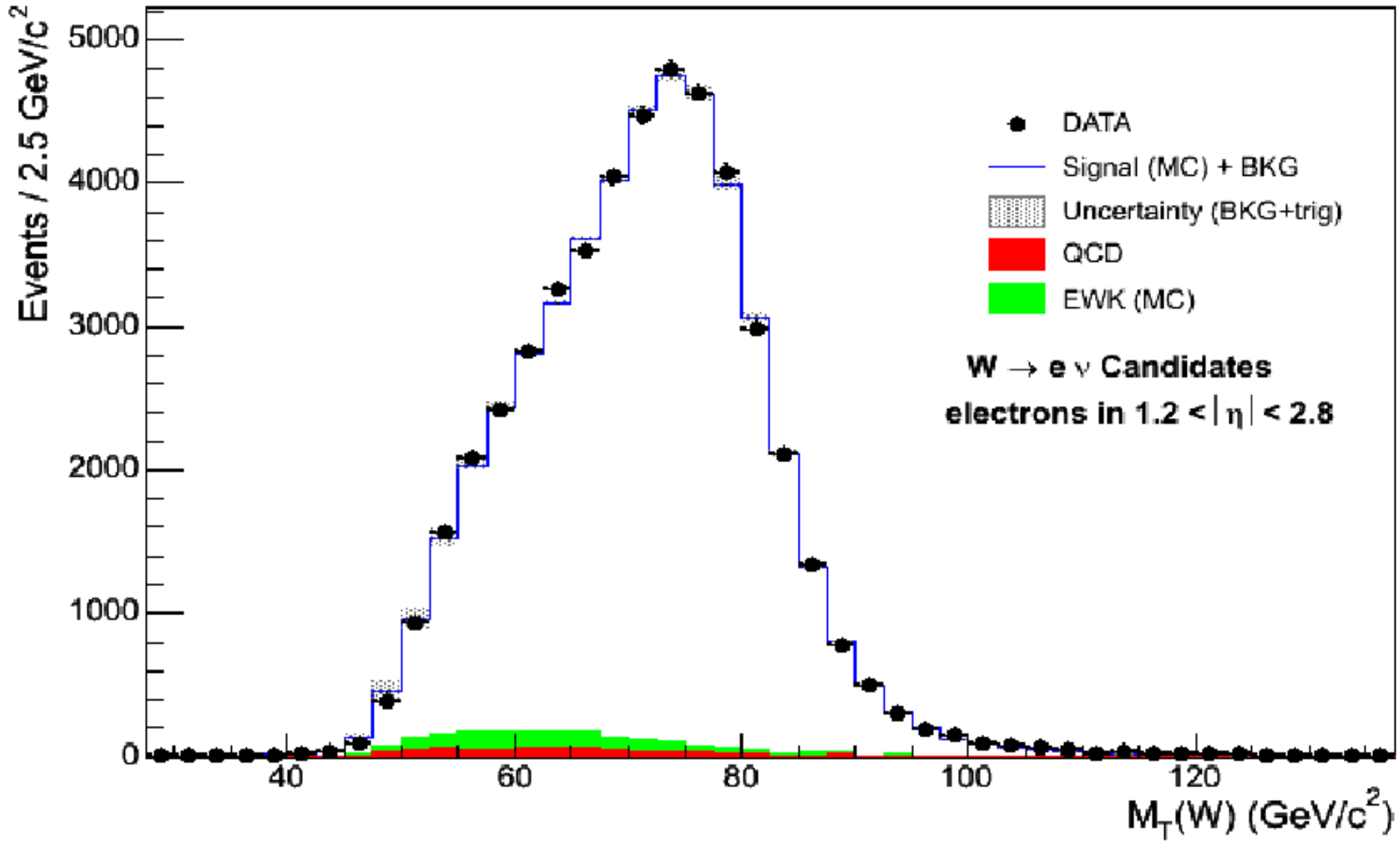
Acceptance from MC

Efficiencies from Z→ee data and MC

Background from data and MC

- Largest systematic contribution from Acceptance ~2% (PDFs)
- Total background contamination ~4.5%
- Acceptance x Efficiency of signal selection ~7 %







RESULTS

$$\sigma \cdot Br(W \rightarrow e \nu) = \frac{N_{Data} - N_{Background}}{A \times \epsilon \times \int L dt}$$

Numerator

Denominator

Published CDF Numbers

$$N_{Data} = 48144$$

$$N_{Bck}(QCD) = 877 \pm 59(stat) \pm 438(syst)$$

$$N_{Bck}(Z \rightarrow ee) = 233 \pm 3(stat)$$

$$N_{Bck}(W \rightarrow \tau \nu) = 1073 \pm 12(stat)$$

$$Acc = 0.2555 \pm 0.0002(stat)^{+0.0048}_{-0.0039}(syst)$$

$$\epsilon_{Total} = 0.0732 \pm 0.0011(stat)^{+0.0021}_{-0.0019}(syst)$$

$$\int Ldt = 223 \pm 13(syst)$$

Forward CDF W cross section measurement with 223 pb⁻¹

$$\sigma \cdot Br(W \rightarrow e \nu) = 2815 \pm 13(stat)^{+94}_{-89}(syst) \pm 169(lum) pb$$

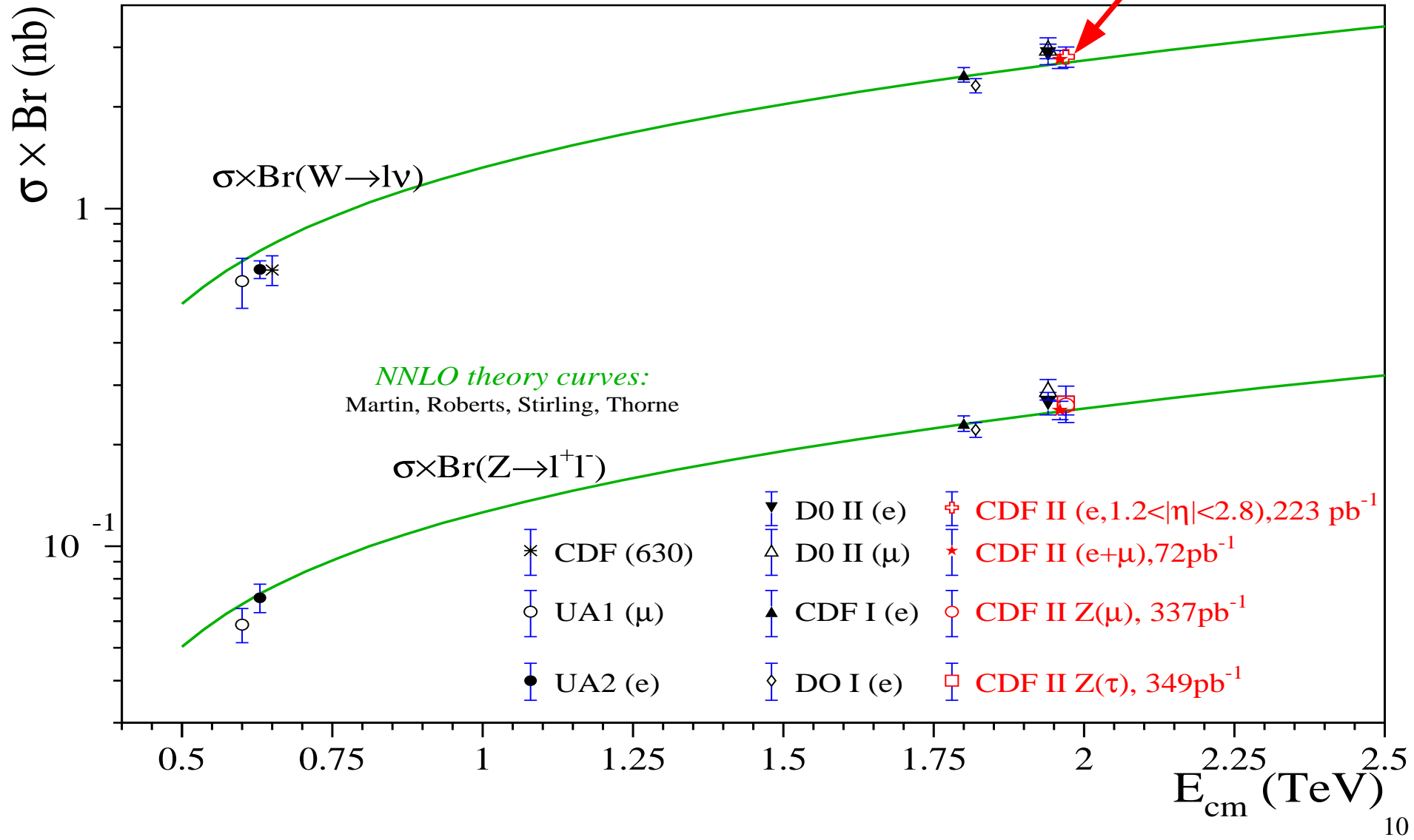
Central CDF W cross section measurement with 72 pb⁻¹

$$\sigma \cdot Br(W \rightarrow e \nu) = 2780 \pm 14(stat) \pm 60(syst) \pm 167(lum) pb$$

Theoretical Prediction: $\sigma \cdot Br(W \rightarrow e \nu)_{Th} = 2687 \pm 54 pb$ **NNLO (Stirling, van Neerven)** 9



Our contribution to physics



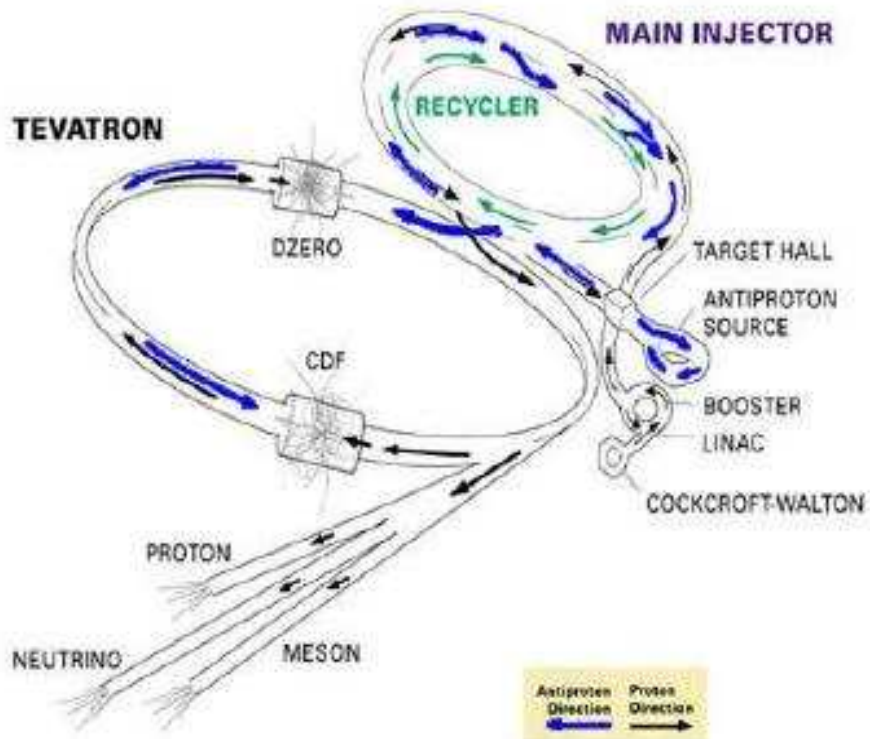


Conclusions

- **Our measurement consistent with central results and theory**
- **Better understanding of plug region of CDF detector**
- **More data can be used for other analyses:
(Top physics and W Forward-Backward charge asymmetry)**

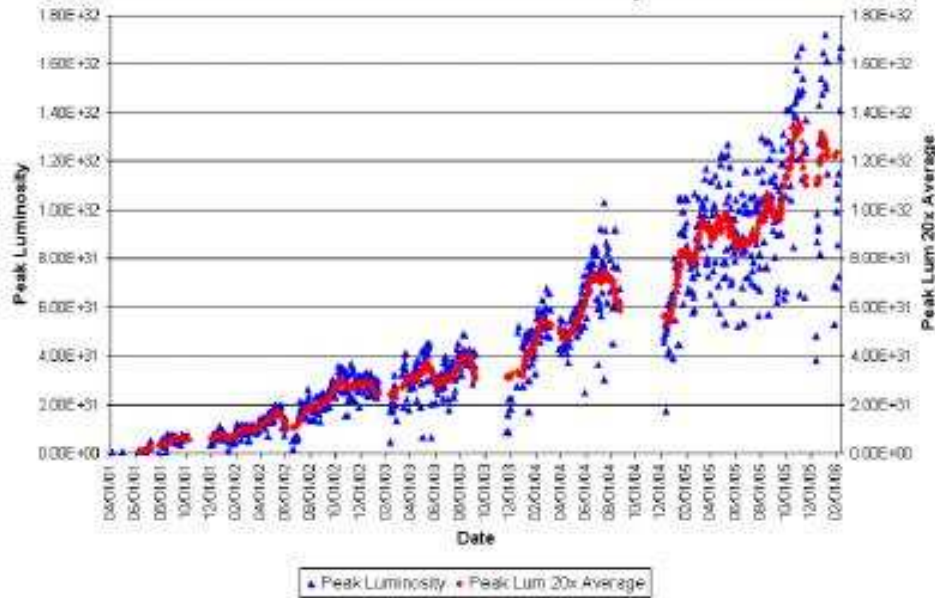


From now on Backup

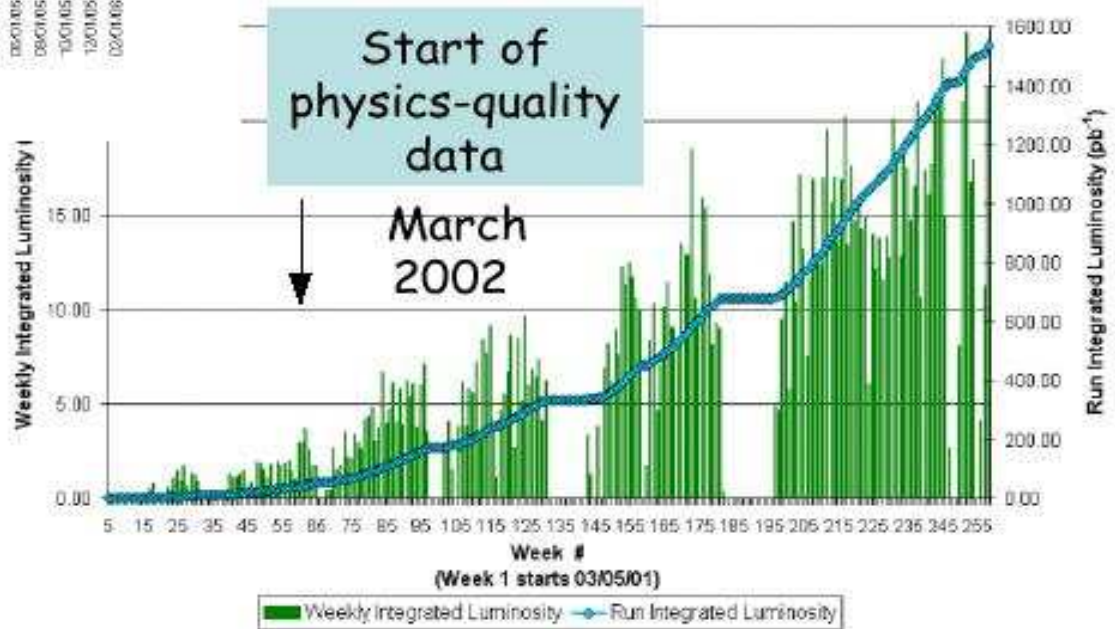




Collider Run II Peak Luminosity



Collider Run II Integrated Luminosity





Zee control sample

Control sample Z->ee (CP)

- MC zewk6d for Z->ee (~1.9M)
- data zewk0d for Z->ee (223pb-1)

Control sample used for:

- Efficiency evaluation
- L2,L3_PEM20 trigger study
- Evaluating Scale&Smear parameters -> tuning parameter applied on energy

In efficiency and trigger study we apply invariant mass window 80-100 GeV

Central tight electron +

Plug leg :

- Loose plug electron (denom for eff study)
 - $1.2 < |\eta| < 2.8$
 - $E_t > 20 \text{ GeV}$
 - $\text{Had}/\text{Em} < 0.125$
- ID selection
 - $\text{Had}/\text{Em} < 0.05$
 - $\text{IsoRel} < 0.1$
- Track matching
 - 3D Track Matched ($p_t > 1 \text{ GeV}$, $\Delta X, Y < 3 \text{ cm}$)
- $E/P < 2$



Trigger summary

Efficiency:

- $L1_EM8 = 99.9988 \pm 0.0007(\text{stat})^{+0.0009(\text{syst})}_{-0.0061(\text{syst})} \%$
- $L1\&L3_MET15 = 99.42 \pm 0.1$
- $L2_PEM20 = 95.99 \pm 0.37(\text{stat})^{+0.87(\text{syst})}_{-1.05(\text{syst})} \%$
- $L3_PEM20 = 99.61 \pm 0.1(\text{stat})^{+0.31(\text{syst})}_{-1.12(\text{syst})} \%$

$$\text{Eff}_{\text{TOT}} = \text{Eff}_{L1_MET15 \& L3_MET15} \times \text{Eff}_{L2_PEM20} \times \text{Eff}_{L3_PEM20|L2_PEM20}$$

$$\text{Eff}_{\text{TOT}} = 95.06 \pm 0.009(\text{stat})^{+0.009(\text{syst})}_{-0.015(\text{syst})} \%$$



events per cut

Requirement	N. Of events	East	West
MET_PEM trigger fired	724062	-	-
$1.2 < \eta < 2.8$	706735	373104	393640
$E_T > 20 \text{ GeV}$	689504	338205	360090
$IsoRel < 0.1,$ $Had/Em < 0.05$	251692	125681	126154
$ME_T > 25 \text{ GeV}$	79800	40677	39139
Matching track	74091	37826	36267
$ TrkZ_0 < 60 \text{ cm}$	71861	36797	35066
$E/p < 2$	48144	24591	23553



Systematics

Source	Syst. Uncertainty(%)	Syst. Uncertainty(%)
$plug E_T^e scale$	+/-0.232	+/-0.232
$E_T^e resolution$	+/-0.043	+/-0.043
P_T	+/-0.031	+/-0.031
\vec{U}	+/-0.35	+/-0.35
<i>Material</i>	+/-0.713	+/-0.713
<i>PDF 's</i>	+2,55-1,7 (CTEQ)	+1.70-1.29(CTEQ+PRD)
<i>PVZ study</i>	+/-0.049	+/-0.049
<i>Total</i>	+2,68-1,89 (CTEQ)	+1.89-1.54 (CTEQ+PRD)



Eff vs track algo

